

كيسولة ليلة الامتحان

المصف الثالث الإعدادي - نسخة مجانية

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Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d (1-50)

1. The _____ body is made up of many different systems working together.
a) digital
b) human
c) metal
d) car

2. Many athletes _____ in the Olympic Games to win medals.
a) watched
b) competed
c) rested
d) ignored

3. The two boys got into _____ over a misunderstanding.
a) fights
b) lessons
c) dances
d) jokes

4. History books tell us about the great _____ that took place in ancient times.
a) holidays
b) stories
c) battles
d) dances

5. The player received a gold _____ for winning first place.
a) ticket
b) medal
c) letter
d) tool

6. We should always show _____ to our parents and teachers.
a) trouble
b) noise
c) respect
d) anger

7. After months of training, she became the national tennis _____.
a) champion
b) visitor
c) artist
d) singer

8. In a match, the person you play against is called your _____.
a) neighbor
b) coach
c) opponent
d) help

9. The Olympic Games promote important human _____.
a) values
b) problems
c) mistakes
d) levels

10. The World Cup is an _____ sports competition.
a) local
b) international
c) private
d) secret

11. Many schools organize sports _____ every year.
a) plants
b) events
c) meals
d) books

12. Olympic _____ train for years to improve their skills.
a) tourists
b) writers
c) teachers
d) athletes

13. The football _____ brought teams from different schools.
a) weather
b) holiday
c) tournament
d) project

14. Tradition helps people in a country keep their _____.
a) money
b) customs
c) food
d) games

15. Many _____ celebrate national holidays together.
a) machines
b) animals
c) communities
d) clothes

16. People from different _____ come together to share traditions.
a) communities
b) tools
c) schools
d) machines

17. Ahmed, _____ has many customers in India, goes there for holidays.
a) when
b) where
c) who
d) whose

18. The dress _____ you wore last night was very nice.
a) what
b) who
c) which
d) whom

19. Boys gain leadership by _____ whatever others suggest.
a) giving orders to
b) following
c) agreeing with
d) asking

20. The pirates buried a box full of gold and _____.
a) toys
b) treasure
c) books
d) tools

21. The detective followed the _____ to find the missing painting.
a) cars
b) clues
c) flowers
d) songs

22. Ancient _____ were found during the excavation.
a) vegetables
b) clothes
c) artifacts
d) machines

23. Children love to play games where they _____ secret objects.
a) hide
b) eat
c) draw
d) wash

24. The students designed their projects _____ to impress judges.
a) slowly
b) carelessly
c) creatively
d) badly

25. The museum displays a _____ of historical objects.
a) treasure
b) map
c) letter
d) mountain

26. Many _____ traveled across the seas to find new lands.
a) farmers
b) teachers
c) explorers
d) artists

27. Ancient _____ often tell stories about heroes.
a) legends
b) poems
c) letters
d) songs

28. Scientists _____ new planets using powerful telescopes.
a) discover
b) build
c) clean
d) repair

29. Climbing a high mountain is one of the greatest _____.
a) games
b) rewards
c) challenges
d) holidays

30. The old sailor told his story on a popular _____.
a) newspaper
b) podcast
c) painting
d) movie

31. During storms, people must find _____ to protect themselves.
a) shelter
b) invite
c) follow
d) attack

32. Real _____ is shown when someone faces danger bravely.
a) fear
b) courage
c) anger
d) surprise

33. Some _____ are home to rare plants and dangerous animals.
a) cities
b) jungles
c) villages
d) valleys

34. A _____ helps protect animals and studies how they live.
a) wildlife expert
b) painter
c) musician
d) teacher

35. The loud noise outside was _____ and made it hard to focus.
a) pleasant
b) relaxing
c) disturbing
d) peaceful

36. Doctors use modern _____ to treat many serious illnesses.
a) medicine
b) decoration
c) machines
d) furniture

37. Washing hands often can prevent the spread of _____.
a) disease
b) excitement
c) fashion
d) laughter

38. The child was _____ by the magician's amazing tricks.
a) frightened
b) fascinated
c) confused
d) disappointed

39. Bird _____ occurs every year when they fly to warm places.
a) migration
b) imagination
c) invitation
d) decoration

40. A gymnast must be _____ to perform difficult movements.
a) flexible
b) clumsy
c) stiff
d) lazy

41. The lake was completely _____ during the long winter.
a) frozen
b) flowing
c) boiling
d) empty

42. Yesterday, I _____ Adham at the market.
a) meet
b) met
c) meets
d) meeting

43. The archaeologists discovered ancient _____ filled with gold.
a) tombs
b) bridges
c) roads
d) shops

44. We decided to _____ the rainforest to see exotic animals.
a) explore
b) hide
c) ignore
d) skip

45. The safari trip was a / an _____ experience.
a) forgettable
b) ordinary
c) boring
d) unforgettable

46. She learned the important _____ about honesty.
a) truth
b) fiction
c) lie
d) rumor

47. Our family enjoyed a relaxing _____ at the seaside resort.
a) lecture
b) trip
c) meeting
d) homework

48. He inherited a large _____ from his grandfather.
a) poverty
b) sadness
c) wealth
d) failure

49. The company announced a huge _____ to clear out old stock.
a) sale
b) purchase
c) loan
d) budget

50. Strong _____ is essential for guiding people toward a goal.
a) friendship
b) leadership
c) freedom
d) hesitation

Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets (1-50)

1. Let's play chess. (He suggested)
He suggested playing chess.

2. The students have done the exercise. (finished)
The students have finished doing the exercise.

3. Could you turn the light off, please? (mind)
Would you mind turning the light off, please?

4. She said that she didn't break the glass. (denied)
She denied breaking the glass.

5. Why don't we go to the theatre? (I suggested)
I suggested going to the theatre.

6. The thief said that he had stolen the jewellery. (admitted)
The thief admitted stealing the jewellery.

7. He didn't want to come to the meeting. (refused)
He refused to come to the meeting.

8. It's not a good idea to smoke cigarettes. (avoid)
You should avoid smoking cigarettes.

9. You shouldn't park here. (avoid)
You should avoid parking here.

10. I no longer borrow books from the library. (stopped)
I have stopped borrowing books from the library.

11. I suggested going to the club. (Why)
Why don't we go to the club?

12. He said that he didn't take part in the crime. (denied)
He denied taking part in the crime.

13. Are you sorry for not helping them? (regret)
Do you regret not helping them?

14. Ramez said, 'Can I carry this box for you?' (offered)
Ramez offered to carry the box.

15. The patient bought the medicine. The doctor gave it to him. (which)
The patient bought the medicine which the doctor gave him.

16. 'How do doctors diagnose illnesses?' (The boy asked)
The boy asked how doctors diagnosed illnesses.

17. After she had finished her homework, she read a book. (Before)
Before she read a book, she had finished her homework.

18. Abdo asked me, 'Where have you spent the holiday?' (I)
Abdo asked me where I had spent the holiday.

19. Hana asked Basmalla, 'What did you buy last week?' (the week before)
Hana asked Basmalla what she had bought the week before.

20. Eman asked Mariam, 'When will you finish?' (would)
Eman asked Mariam when she would finish.

21. First, he ate. Then, he went walking. (After)
After he had eaten, he went walking.

22. By the time he phoned, I had worn my clothes. (After)
After I had worn my clothes, he phoned.

23. After they had arrived, we finished. (When)
When we finished, they had arrived.

24. Hager said to Nada, 'Sleep early to get up early.' (told)
Hager told Nada to sleep early to get up early.

25. She said to Rana, 'Don't go out.' (ordered)
She ordered Rana not to go out.

26. Ziad said to Ibrahim, 'Do your exercises.' (advised)
Ziad advised Ibrahim to do his exercises.

27. He used to drive his car to work. (not)
He didn't use to drive his car to work.

28. Aya prefers eating pizza for lunch. (would prefer)
Aya would prefer to eat pizza for lunch.

29. My mother said, 'Clean the room.' (My mother ordered)
My mother ordered me to clean the room.

30. 'Did you watch the match yesterday?' (He asked me)
He asked me if I had watched the match the day before.

31. He always played tennis on Fridays when he was young. (used to)
He used to play tennis on Fridays when he was young.

32. She doesn't like reading as much as she did in the past. (used to)
She didn't use to like reading as much as she does now.

33. 'Open the window, please,' the teacher said to Ali. (asked)
The teacher asked Ali to open the window.

34. The man is my uncle. He is wearing a blue shirt. (who)
The man who is wearing a blue shirt is my uncle.

35. This is the house. We lived here for ten years. (where)
This is the house where we lived for ten years.

36. I bought a new mobile. It takes great photos. (which)
I bought a new mobile which takes great photos.

37. 'Where did you go last night?' Ahmed asked. (Ahmed wanted to know)
Ahmed wanted to know where I had gone the night before.

38. He finished his work and then watched TV. (Before)
Before he watched TV, he had finished his work.

39. I didn't leave the office until I had sent all emails. (After)
After I had sent all emails, I left the office.

40. They built a new hospital in our city. (A new hospital)
A new hospital was built in our city.

41. Someone has stolen my bike! (My bike)
My bike has been stolen!

42. 'Don't waste your time,' my father said to me. (advised)
My father advised me not to waste my time.

43. If he doesn't study hard, he won't pass. (Unless)
Unless he studies hard, he won't pass.

44. Perhaps she is at home now. (might)
She might be at home now.

45. I am sure he is a doctor. (must)
He must be a doctor.

46. I advise you to see a doctor immediately. (should)
You should see a doctor immediately.

47. It wasn't necessary for you to bring an umbrella. (didn't have to)
You didn't have to bring an umbrella.

48. She apologized for arriving late. (I am sorry)
She said, 'I am sorry for arriving late.'

49. 'Are you coming to the party?' she asked him. (if)
She asked him if he was coming to the party.

50. The movie was so boring that I fell asleep. (such a)
It was such a boring movie that I fell asleep.

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets

1. He <u>rode</u> (rode) his bike to school.	31. Before she comes, she <u>phoned</u> (had phoned).	61. The man <u>who</u> (which) is standing is my dad.
2. We didn't <u>use</u> (used) to live in Luxor.	32. After Mohamed <u>had played</u> (has played), he went home.	62. He denied <u>breaking</u> (to break) the window.
3. <u>Did</u> (Do) you use to travel alone?	33. Aisha <u>studied</u> (studies) as soon as she had had lunch.	63. She offered <u>to help</u> (helping) me with my homework.
4. My father didn't use to work when he <u>was</u> (is) young.	34. After <u>reading</u> (read) the story, he took a rest.	64. I avoid <u>talking</u> (to talk) to strangers.
5. What <u>values</u> (valleys) do we learn from events?	35. By the time Sama phones, I <u>went</u> (had gone) out.	65. By the time we arrived, the train <u>had left</u> (leave).
6. My father <u>didn't</u> (doesn't) use to like tea.	36. She advised me <u>to do</u> (do) my homework.	66. He asked me what I <u>was doing</u> (am doing).
7. What do the five <u>rings</u> (thing) represent?	37. Mother told me <u>not to come</u> (not come) late.	67. They told me they <u>would</u> (will) travel next day.
8. They <u>used</u> (use) to play the piano every day.	38. The teacher told us <u>to write</u> (to writing) the lesson.	68. I didn't <u>use</u> (used) to eat vegetables.
9. Did the teacher <u>use</u> (used) to help you?	39. Jana told Malk to <u>come</u> (came) on time.	69. This is the house <u>where</u> (which) I live.
10. He <u>didn't</u> (don't) use to come on time.	40. My grandma told me <u>to cook</u> (not to cook) well.	70. He suggested <u>going</u> (to go) to the cinema.
11. The knife is <u>used to</u> (used to) cut meat.	41. Ali used to <u>visit</u> (visited) his relatives.	71. The man <u>who</u> (which) is standing is my dad.
12. People used to <u>admire</u> (admired) Mohamed Salah.	42. My sister enjoys <u>watching</u> (watches) TV at night.	72. He denied <u>breaking</u> (to break) the window.
13. They used to <u>go</u> (gone) to the market.	43. The teacher told me to <u>write</u> (writes) the lesson.	73. She offered <u>to help</u> (helping) me with my homework.
14. I used to <u>be</u> (been) a player.	44. The girl <u>who</u> (which) helps me is my sister.	74. I avoid <u>talking</u> (to talk) to strangers.
15. Did Ali use to <u>be encouraged</u> (has encouraged) by his family?	45. The teacher asked Farida when she <u>had come</u> (came).	75. By the time we arrived, the train <u>had left</u> (leave).
16. I met Ameer <u>whose</u> (who) father is an engineer.	46. After Eiad <u>had bought</u> (buy) the camera, he took photos.	76. He asked me what I <u>was doing</u> (am doing).
17. Ramy bought a mobile <u>which</u> (whose) was expensive.	47. He promised <u>to help</u> (helps) his younger brother.	77. They told me they <u>would</u> (will) travel next day.
18. Mansoura is the place <u>where</u> (when) I was born.	48. I look forward to <u>seeing</u> (see) you soon.	78. I didn't <u>use</u> (used) to eat vegetables.
19. This is the hotel <u>which</u> (where) we stay in.	49. She admitted <u>stealing</u> (to steal) the money.	79. This is the house <u>where</u> (which) I live.
20. This is the school <u>where</u> (which) I was educated.	50. Do you mind <u>opening</u> (open) the window?	80. He suggested <u>going</u> (to go) to the cinema.
21. I met Mr Ali <u>who</u> (whose) is my teacher.	51. The man <u>who</u> (which) is standing is my dad.	81. The man <u>who</u> (which) is standing is my dad.
22. Tom, <u>who</u> (where) grew up in London, is here.	52. He denied <u>breaking</u> (to break) the window.	82. He denied <u>breaking</u> (to break) the window.
23. Samir <u>whom/who</u> (whose) I helped is naughty.	53. She offered <u>to help</u> (helping) me with my homework.	83. She offered <u>to help</u> (helping) me with my homework.
24. The car <u>which</u> (whose) I bought is cheap.	54. I avoid <u>talking</u> (to talk) to strangers.	84. I avoid <u>talking</u> (to talk) to strangers.
25. Friday is the day <u>when</u> (where) I was born.	55. By the time we arrived, the train <u>had left</u> (leave).	85. By the time we arrived, the train <u>had left</u> (leave).
26. They wanted to know if Habiba <u>had</u> (have) a bike.	56. He asked me what I <u>was doing</u> (am doing).	86. He asked me what I <u>was doing</u> (am doing).
27. I wondered where Mariam <u>had</u> (has) met Nabil.	57. They told me they <u>would</u> (will) travel next day.	87. They told me they <u>would</u> (will) travel next day.
28. Asmaa said Jana <u>had arrived</u> (when) she arrived.	58. I didn't <u>use</u> (used) to eat vegetables.	88. I didn't <u>use</u> (used) to eat vegetables.
29. The policeman asked if I <u>had seen</u> (see) the thief.	59. This is the house <u>where</u> (which) I live.	89. This is the house <u>where</u> (which) I live.
30. Sama asked Farida which dress she <u>chose</u> (chooses).	60. He suggested <u>going</u> (to go) to the cinema.	90. He suggested <u>going</u> (to go) to the cinema.

Important Paragraphs (Bilingual)

1. The Olympic Games

The Olympic Games are the most famous sports event. They are held every four years in a different country. Thousands of top athletes gather to win medals. The games are about peace, friendship, and respect.

الألعاب الأولمبية هي أشهر حدث رياضي. تقام كل أربع سنوات في بلد مختلف. يتجمع الآلاف من كبار الرياضيين للفوز بميداليات. الألعاب تدور حول السلام والصداقة والاحترام.

5. Desert Animals

Desert animals live in hot habitats, so they have ways to survive. The most famous animal is the camel, ship of the desert. Camels can live without water for a long time and store fat. Other animals have large ears to lose heat and stay cool.

تعيش حيوانات الصحراء في بيئات حارة، لذا لديها طرق للبقاء. أشهر حيوان هو الجمل، سفينة الصحراء. يمكن للجمل العيش بدون ماء لفترة طويلة وتخزين الدهون. حيوانات أخرى تمتلك آذان كبيرة لفقدان الحرارة.

2. A Famous Person You Admire

The athlete I admire most is Mohamed Salah. He is one of the greatest football players in the world. I admire him for his skill and amazing morals. He helps the poor and is a true role model for the youth.

الرياضي الذي أعجب به أكثر هو محمد صلاح. إنه واحد من أعظم لاعبي كرة القدم في العالم. أنا معجب به لمهارته وأخلاقه المذهلة. هو يساعد الفقراء ويُعد قدوة حقيقية للشباب.

6. The Egyptian Museum

The Egyptian Museum is one of the most famous museums. It is located in Cairo and has a huge collection of antiquities. You can see thousands of wonderful historical objects like mummies. We should all be proud of our great civilization and history.

المتحف المصري هو واحد من أشهر المتاحف. يقع في القاهرة ويحتوي على مجموعة ضخمة من الآثار. يمكنك رؤية آلاف القطع التاريخية مثل المومياوات. يجب أن نكون جميعاً فخورين بحضارتنا العظيمة.

3. How to Lead a Healthy Life

Leading a healthy life is very important for our well-being. First, eating a balanced diet gives your body energy. Second, regular exercise keeps your heart strong. Finally, drinking plenty of water and sleeping well is essential.

إن عيش حياة صحية أمر مهم لسلامتنا. أولاً، تناول نظام غذائي متوازن يمنح جسمك الطاقة. ثانياً، التمارين المنتظمة تحافظ على قوة قلبك. أخيراً، شرب الكثير من الماء والنوم الجيد أمر ضروري.

7. A Trip to Aswan

Last holiday, my family and I went on a wonderful trip to Aswan. We traveled by the sleeping train, which was a comfortable experience. First, we visited the High Dam that gives us electricity. It was an unforgettable trip, and I hope to visit Aswan again.

في الإجازة، ذهبت عائلتي في رحلة رائعة إلى أسوان. سافرنا بقطار النوم، والذي كان تجربة مريحة. أولاً، زرنا السد العالي الذي يمنحنا الكهرباء. لقد كانت رحلة لا تُنسى، وأمل أن أزور أسوان مجدداً.

4. The Importance of Teamwork

Teamwork is very important because we cannot do everything alone. When we work in a team, we solve problems faster. In sports like football, players must cooperate to win. It makes hard work much easier and saves time and effort.

العمل الجماعي مهم جداً لأننا لا نستطيع فعل كل شيء بمفردنا. عندما نعمل في فريق، نحل المشاكل بشكل أسرع. في الرياضات، يجب على اللاعبين التعاون للفوز. إنه يجعل العمل الشاق أسهل بكثير ويوفر الوقت.

8. How to be a Good Citizen

Being a good citizen is very important for the progress of our society. First, you must love your country and work hard to make it better. Second, you must respect the rules and the laws of your country. Finally, we should all cooperate to build a strong and happy society.

أن تكون مواطناً صالحاً أمر مهم لتقدم مجتمعا. أولاً، يجب أن تحب بلدك وتعمل بجد لجعله أفضل. ثانياً، يجب عليك احترام قوانين بلدك. أخيراً، يجب علينا التعاون لبناء مجتمع قوي.

Complete the text with words from the box

spirit - competitions - basketball - inspiration

Many young people enjoy playing (1) basketball because it is a fast sport. Schools hold (2) competitions to show skills. What makes it special is the (3) spirit of teamwork. Athletes say their (4) inspiration comes from professionals.

difficult - funny - amazing - it

Last summer, setting up the tent was (1) difficult. Then something (2) funny happened. A monkey stole fruit! It was an (3) amazing day we laugh at (4) it.

traditions - families - festival - carnival - connected

Every country has (1) traditions showing its culture. In Egypt, (2) families celebrate together. One (3) festival is in spring. Another exciting (4) carnival takes place in streets. These make people feel (5) connected.

hide - miles - demonstrate - strength - thick

1. Uniforms let soldiers (1) hide. 2. School is five (2) miles away. 3. The teacher will (3) demonstrate solving. 4. Running needs (4) strength. 5. The forest is very (5) thick.

explorers - jungle - treasures - shelter - courage

The (1) explorers entered the (2) jungle in search for (3) treasures. They built a (4) shelter from rain. It was great (5) courage to continue.

event - Athletes - sports - continents

Olympics are a huge sport (1) event. (2) Athletes compete in many (3) sports. The flag represents five (4) continents.

Finish the following dialogues

Ahmed and Samir about the weekend

Ahmed: How will we spend the weekend?

Samir: What about going to the theatre?

Ahmed: The theatre? Ok, but I don't have enough money.

Ahmed: I'll pay, don't worry. I've got 40 pounds. Is that enough?

Samir: That's not enough. I think we should ask our father.

Ahmed: Father? I don't think he'll give me any. We can go to the club.

Samir: That's a good idea.

Mr Atef is at the mechanic's

Mr Atef: Will you have a look at my motorbike, please?

Mechanic: What's the problem with it?

Mr Atef: It is not running very well and it doesn't start easily.

Mechanic: Does it become hot quickly?

Mr Atef: Yes, it becomes hot very quickly.

Mechanic: I will check the engine for you. It will take two days.

Sara and Nadia talking about values

Sara: What values do you think are most important?

Nadia: I believe in helping others and being fair.

Sara: What does fairness mean?

Nadia: Fairness means treating everyone equally.

Sara: That's a good point.

Nadia: What about you?

Sara: I also believe in patience.

Nadia: How do these values affect us?

Sara: These values help us become better people.

Nadia: I totally agree.

Rady at the airport to see his British friend off

Rady: I think you enjoyed your visit to Egypt.

Friend: Sure. I enjoyed it very much.

Rady: But you didn't visit lots of wonderful places.

Friend: I hope to visit Egypt again soon.

Rady: Do you still remember the few Arabic words you've learnt?

Friend: Yes, I do.

Rady: I've brought you some presents for your parents.

Friend: Thank you so much! I'll come back soon.

Rady: Have a safe flight!

Salesman and Lady (watch repair)

Salesman: Can I help you, madam?

Lady: Well, it depends: Do you do watch-repairs?

Salesman: Yes, we do.

Lady: Could you examine my watch, please? It's stopped.

Salesman: When did it stop?

Lady: Only yesterday. Can you repair it?

Salesman: Yes, I can, but you'll have to leave it. It will be ready tomorrow.

Lady: Oh, yes. I mustn't forget that. Can I get my watch without it?

Salesman: No. You won't be able to get the watch without the receipt.

Huda asks Amal about making friends

Huda: I want to be a better friend.

Amal: Start by improving how you talk and listen.

Huda: How can I do that?

Amal: Use kind words and show you care. You should also be a good listener.

Huda: What if I don't agree with my friend?

Amal: You must respect their opinion.

Huda: I'll respect their opinion. Thanks! I feel more confident.

Leila is phoning her friend Samia for a birthday party

Leila: Hello, Samia. My birthday is next Tuesday.

Samia: Really? How old will you be?

Leila: Twenty-five. Are you free on that day?

Samia: Yes, I am. I'd love to come.

Leila: I'm glad you can come.

Samia: Who did you invite?

Leila: Only some of the closest friends.

Samia: Do I know all of them?

Leila: Yes, you know all of them.

Samia: Do you need any help with preparations?

Nora is having an interview for a job

Mr Samy: Sit down, please. Is this your first interview?

Nora: No, this is my second time to apply for a job.

Mr Samy: Why do you choose this job?

Nora: Because I like communicating with people.

Mr Samy: What languages do you speak?

Nora: I speak English and French well.

Mr Samy: Have you got any experience?

Nora: Of course. I worked as a receptionist before.

Mr Samy: What skills do you have?

Nora: I am good at using the computer and internet.

Sally is asking her teacher for advice

Teacher: Hello Sally. How can I help you?

Sally: I need your advice, please.

Teacher: What do you want my advice for?

Sally: I think I have dyslexia.

Teacher: Dyslexia! Do you mean you have difficulty with reading and spelling?

Sally: Yes. I have tried to overcome this problem.

Teacher: I advise you to go to a special teacher.

Sally: Why should I go to a special teacher?

Teacher: Because a special teacher can understand your case.

Ahmed and Mona are speaking about finding a job

Mona: What is your goal in life?

Ahmed: My goal in life is to be an accountant.

Mona: Why do you want to be an accountant?

Ahmed: As I've graduated from the faculty of commerce.

Mona: Where do you prefer to work?

Ahmed: I prefer to find a job in the private sector.

Mona: Finding a job in the private sector is very difficult.

Ahmed: I know it's not easy, but I must try.

Mona: Why don't you read the advertisement in the newspaper?

Ahmed: That is a good idea. I will do that.

Passage 1: Dr. Aisha Abd El Rahman is one of the most famous writers in Egyptian and Arab culture. She wrote many books and articles on cultural and religious matters. People admired Dr Aisha for her courage in promoting women's rights. Her mother and grandfather persuaded her father to let her go to school. Later she wrote under the pen-name of Bint El Shatei. The pen-name was taken as a sign of respect to her father.

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. People admired Dr Aisha for _____.

a. attacking men b. promoting women's rights

2. Dr Aisha wrote books on _____.

a. science and technology b. cultural and religious matters

B) Answer the following:

3. What was Dr Aisha famous for?

Being a writer in Arab culture and promoting women's rights.

4. Why did she write under the pen-name Bint El Shatei?

As a sign of respect to her father.

5. Who persuaded Dr Aisha's father to let her go to school?

Her mother and grandfather.

Passage 3: In 1948, there was a special sports event in England for people who had spinal cord injuries from World War Two. In 1952, competitors from the Netherlands joined, making it international. This was the beginning of the Paralympic Games. They are held immediately after the Olympic Games and in the same place. The Games emphasize what the athletes can do, not their disabilities.

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. The disabled athletes to compete in 1948 _____.

a. were blind b. had spinal cord injuries

2. The Paralympic Games are held _____ the Olympic Games.

a. immediately before b. immediately after

B) Answer the following:

3. When was the first international event for people with disabilities?

In 1952.

4. Why are events like the Paralympics important for the disabled?

Because they emphasize what the athletes can do, not their disabilities.

5. Where did the special sports event take place in 1948?

In England.

Passage 2: Camping was once a poor way of spending a holiday, ok for those who have not enough money. But nowadays it has much to offer. You enjoy absolute freedom and mobility. If you don't like a place, you can simply get up and go. Camping provides you with a real change for everyday living. It's exciting to arrive at a camp site, put up your tent and start getting a meal ready.

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. Camping _____.

a. is a poor way of spending a holiday b. is the ideal way of spending a holiday

2. You enjoy mobility because _____.

a. you put up your tent b. if you don't like the place you can get up and go

B) Answer the following:

3. Why is camping attractive to some people?

Because it has a low cost and you enjoy mobility.

4. What does camping provide you with?

It provides you with a real change for everyday living.

5. What is exciting to do when you arrive at a camp site?

To put up your tent and start getting a meal ready.

Passage 4: Buying and selling is part of everyday activities. In the past you could deal directly with a person and ask for advice. Buying and selling today depend on online activities. You must log on the internet and choose price and quality. The biggest problem is that some companies can't be reached easily because they may be far away from you. To buy online, you must keep your personal info secret and deal with trusted companies.

A) Choose the correct answer:

1. The best title for the passage is _____.

a. shopping b. the internet

2. Some companies can't be reached easily because _____.

a. they are protected b. they are far away from you

B) Answer the following:

3. Explain why there may be a problem when you buy something online?

Some companies cannot be reached easily and getting a reply may take a long time.

4. How can you protect your personal information online?

By keeping it secret and dealing only with trusted online companies.

5. What must you do to buy online?

You must log on the internet and choose price and quality.

Story (MCQs)

1. What did sailors report?

- a) mermaid
c) ship
b) [sea monster](#)
d) volcano

11. What attacked the submarine?

- a) shark
c) whale
b) [giant squid](#)
d) pirates

2. How did it move?

- a) slowly
c) like crab
b) [faster than whales](#)
d) by flying

12. How did they fight the squid?

- a) guns
c) poison
b) [axes and harpoons](#)
d) hid

3. Why was the voyage launched?

- a) find gold
c) discover lands
b) [capture beast](#)
d) fishing

13. What trapped the Nautilus?

- a) net
c) rock
b) [thick ice](#)
d) mud

4. Who is Pierre Aronnax?

- a) [scientist](#)
c) pirate
b) sailor
d) king

14. How did they escape the ice?

- a) melted it
c) waited
b) [broke a path](#)
d) called help

5. What was the Nautilus?

- a) whale
c) [submarine](#)
b) island
d) ship

15. What did Nemo attack?

- a) whales
c) small boats
b) [warships](#)
d) sharks

6. Who is the commander?

- a) Ned Land
c) [Captain Nemo](#)
b) Conseil
d) Aronnax

16. Why did Ned Land escape?

- a) find gold
c) swim
b) [hated prison](#)
d) sick

7. How did Nemo view the sea?

- a) danger
c) prison
b) [only homeland](#)
d) playground

17. How did Conseil feel?

- a) happy
c) angry
b) [torn](#)
d) scared

8. What did Nemo show his guests?

- a) family
c) land map
b) [sea treasures](#)
d) flying fish

18. What was Nemo hiding?

- a) treasure
c) his age
b) [his past](#)
d) his real name

9. Why did Aronnax stay?

- a) forced
c) money
b) [science curiosity](#)
d) escape

19. What was the 'monster'?

- a) squid
c) whale
b) [Nautilus](#)
d) illusion

10. What were special suits for?

- a) sleeping
c) fighting
b) [walking sea bed](#)
d) flying

20. What happened to Aronnax?

- a) died
c) escaped
b) [fell into sea](#)
d) slept

Story Essay Questions

1. Why did Nemo keep his past a secret?
To cut his ties with humanity due to his sorrow.

11. Why did sailors think the Nautilus was a monster?
It moved fast and smashed ships strongly.

2. What does the sea symbolize for Captain Nemo?
Freedom from the land's cruelty and his only home.

12. How did they escape the thick ice?
The Nautilus broke a path to the surface through the ice.

3. How did the crew survive the giant squid?
They fought bravely with axes and harpoons.

13. Why did Aronnax accept staying on the ship?
He had scientific curiosity to study marine life.

4. What can we learn from Nemo's leadership?
Calm courage and making quick decisions under pressure.

14. What did the guests wear to walk on the sea bed?
They wore special heavy diving suits.

5. Describe the Nautilus from inside.
A floating palace with a library and a museum.

15. Is Nemo a villain or a hero? Why?
Both; a hero to his crew but a villain to ships he sinks.

6. Why was the Abraham Lincoln's voyage launched?
To capture or kill the sea monster smashing ships.

16. Why was Ned Land always angry?
He valued freedom above all and hated being trapped.

7. Did Ned Land have the right to escape? Why?
Yes, because no one has the right to imprison others.

17. What did they discover after falling into the water?
The monster was actually a man-made submarine.

8. How did Captain Nemo treat warships?
He attacked them without hesitation to protect his ship.

18. How did the storm affect their escape?
It made the escape in the small boat very terrifying.

9. What did Nemo show his guests under the sea?
Beautiful treasures, pearls, gold, and artifacts.

19. Why is the ocean Nemo's 'homeland'?
It gives him food, power, and freedom from humans.

10. How did Conseil prove his loyalty?
By jumping into the sea to save Professor Aronnax.

20. What role did science play in the story?
It powered the submarine and motivated Aronnax's journey.